IN THE CLAIMS

- 1. (original) A recombinant viral vector comprising an adenoviral nucleic acid backbone, wherein said nucleic acid backbone comprises in sequential order: a left ITR, a termination signal sequence, an E2F responsive promoter which is operably linked to a gene essential for replication of the recombinant viral vector, an adenoviral packaging signal, and a right ITR.
- 2. (original) The recombinant viral vector of claim 1, wherein the termination signal sequence is the SV40 early polyadenylation signal sequence.
- 3. (original) The recombinant viral vector of claim 1, wherein the E2F responsive promoter is the human E2F-1 promoter.
- 4. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 1, wherein the adenoviral nucleic acid backbone is derived from adenovirus serotype 5 (Ad5) or serotype 35 (Ad35).
- 5. (original) The recombinant viral vector of claim 1, wherein the gene essential for replication is the E1A gene.
- 6. (original) The recombinant viral vector of claim 1, further comprising a deletion upstream of the termination signal sequence.
- 7. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 6, further comprising a deletion between nucleotides 103 and 551 of the adenoviral type 5 backbone or a deletion in nucleotides encoded by corresponding regions of other adenovirus serotypes.
- 8. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 1, wherein the adenoviral nucleic acid backbone comprises an E3 region comprising a mutation or deletion.
- 9. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 5, wherein the adenoviral nucleic acid backbone comprises an E4 region that is operably linked to a tissue-specific promoter.
- 10. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 9, wherein said tissue-specific promoter is a human telomerase reverse transcriptase promoter.

11. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 9, wherein said tissue-specific promoter is the Trtex promoter of SEQ ID NO:94 or the TERT promoter of SEQ ID NO:93.

12. (canceled)

- 13. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 9, wherein said tissue-specific promoter is an osteocalcin promoter.
- 14. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 8, wherein the E3 region has been deleted from said backbone.

15. (canceled)

- 16. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 1, wherein the adenoviral nucleic acid backbone comprises an E1b gene comprising a mutation or deletion.
- 17. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 16, wherein said mutation or deletion results in the loss of an active 19 kD protein expressed by the wild-type E1b gene.
- 18. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 1, further comprising a coding sequence of interest.
- 19. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 18, wherein said coding sequence of interest is inserted in the E3 region.
- 20. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 19, wherein said coding sequence of interest is inserted in place of the 19 kD or 14.7 kD E3 gene.
- 21. (currently amended) The recombinant viral vector of claim 18, wherein said coding sequence of interest is an encodes an immunostimulatory gene protein.
- 22. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 21, wherein said immunostimulatory protein is a cytokine.

23. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 21, wherein the immunostimulatory protein is selected from the group consisting of GM-CSF, IL1, IL2, IL4, IL5, IFN α ., IFN γ , TNF α , IL12, IL18, and flt3.

- 24. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 21, wherein said immunostimulatory protein is selected from the group consisting of MIP1 α , MIP3 α , CCR7 ligand, calreticulin, B7, CD28, MHC class I, MHC class II, and TAPs.
- 25. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 21, wherein said immunostimulatory protein is a tumor associated antigen.
- 26. (original) The recombinant viral vector of claim 25, wherein said tumor associated antigen is selected from the group consisting of MART-1, gp100(pmel-17), tyrosinase, tyrosinase-related protein 1, tyrosinase-related protein 2, a melanocyte-stimulating hormone receptor, MAGE1, MAGE 2, MAGE 3, MAGE 12, BAGE, GAGE, NY-ESO-1, β -catenin, MUM-1, CDK-4, caspase 8, KIA 0205, HLA-A2R1701, α -fetoprotein, telomerase catalytic protein, G-250, MUC-1, carcinoembryonic protein, p53, Her2/neu, triosephosphate isomerase, CDC-27, and LDLR-FUT.
- 27. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 21, wherein said immunostimulatory protein is an antibody that blocks inhibitory signals.
- 28. (original) The recombinant viral vector of claim 27, wherein the inhibitory signal is due to expression of CTLA4.
- 29. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 18, wherein the coding sequence of interest encodes an anti-angiogenic protein.
- 30. (currently amended) The recombinant viral vector of claim 29, wherein said anti-angiogenic protein is selected from the group consisting of a VEGFNEGFR <u>VEGF/VEGFR</u> antagonist, an angiopoietin/Tie antagonist, an Ephrin/Eph antagonist, and an FGF/FGFR antagonist.
- 31. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 29, wherein said antiangiogenic protein is an inhibitor of PDGF, TGF β , or IGF-1.

32. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 29, wherein said antiangiogenic protein is a fragment of an extracellular matrix protein.

- 33. (original) The recombinant viral vector of claim 32, wherein said extracellular matrix protein is selected from the group consisting of angiostatin, endostatin, kininostatin, fibrinogen-E, thrombospondin, tumstatin, canstatin, and restin.
- 34. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 29, wherein the antiangiogenic protein is a fragment of TrpRS.
- 35. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 29, wherein the antiangiogenic protein is selected from the group consisting of sFIt-1, sFlk, sNRP1, sTie-2, IP-10, PF-4, Gro-beta, IFN-gamma (Mig), sEphB4, sephrinB2, vasostatin, PEDF, prolactin fragment, proliferinrelated protein, METH-1, and METH-2.
- 36. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 18, wherein said coding sequence of interest encodes a protein that leads to cell death.
- 37. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 36, wherein said protein that leads to cell death is selected from the group consisting of CPG2, CA, CD, cyt-450, dCK, HSV-TK, NR, PNP, TP, VZV-TK, and XGPRT.
- 38. (original) The recombinant viral vector of claim 1, wherein said recombinant viral vector is capable of selectively replicating in and lysing Rb-pathway defective cells.
- 39. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 38, wherein replication in Rb-pathway defective cells is at least about 3-fold greater as measured by E1A RNA levels in Rb-pathway defective cells vs. non-tumor cells.
- 40. (original) A recombinant viral vector comprising an Ad5 nucleic acid backbone, wherein said backbone comprises in sequential order: a left ITR, an SV40 early polyA site, a human E2F-1 promoter operably linked to the E1A gene, an adenoviral packaging signal, and a right ITR.

41. (original) The recombinant viral vector of claim 40 further comprising a deletion between nucleotides 103 and 551 of the adenoviral backbone.

- 42. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 40, wherein the adenoviral nucleic acid backbone comprises an E1b gene comprising a mutation or deletion, wherein said mutation or deletion results in the loss of an active 19 kD protein expressed by the wild-type E1b gene.
- 43. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 40, wherein the adenoviral nucleic acid backbone comprises an E4 region that is operably linked to a tissue-specific promoter.
- 44. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 43, wherein said tissue-specific promoter is a human telomerase reverse transcriptase promoter.
- 45. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 43, wherein said tissuespecific promoter is a Trtex promoter.
 - 46. (canceled)
- 47. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 43, wherein said tissue-specific promoter is an osteocalcin promoter.
- 48. (currently amended) An adenoviral vector particle comprising the viral vector of claims 1 claim 1.
- 49. (original) The adenoviral vector particle of claim 48, further comprising a targeting ligand included in a capsid protein of said particle.
 - 50. (original) The particle of claim 49, wherein said capsid protein is a fiber protein.
- 51. (original) The particle of claim 50, wherein said ligand is in the HI loop of said fiber protein.
 - 52 57 (canceled)

58. (original) The vector of claim 1, wherein said backbone comprises a gene of the E3 coding region.

59. (original) The vector of claim 58, wherein said gene is selected from the group consisting of E3-6.7, KDa, gp19KDa, 11.6 KDa (ADP), 10.4 KDa (RID α), 14.5 KDa (RID β), and E3-14.7Kda.

60 - 61 (canceled)

62 (previously presented) A recombinant viral vector comprising an adenoviral nucleic acid backbone, wherein said nucleic acid backbone comprises a termination signal sequence downstream of a left ITR and an E2F responsive promoter which is operably linked to a coding sequence of a gene that is essential for replication of said vector, wherein the termination signal sequence is upstream of the E2F responsive promoter; and a right ITR.

- 63. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 2, wherein the gene essential for replication is the E1A gene.
- 64. (previously presented) The recombinant viral vector of claim 62, wherein the termination signal sequence is an SV40 polyadenylation signal sequence.

65-66 (canceled)

- 67. (new) The recombinant viral vector of claim 62, wherein the adenoviral nucleic acid backbone comprises an E1b gene comprising a mutation or deletion.
- 68. (new) The recombinant viral vector of claim 67, wherein said mutation or deletion results in the loss of an active 19kD protein expressed by the wild-type E1b gene.
- 69. (new) The recombinant viral vector of claim 62, further comprising a coding sequence of interest.
 - 70. (new) The recombinant viral vector of claim 69, wherein said coding sequence of interest

is inserted in the E3 region.

- 71. (new) The recombinant viral vector of claim 70, wherein said coding sequence of interest is inserted in place of the 19kD or 14.7kD E3 gene.
- 72. (new) The recombinant viral vector of claim 69, wherein said coding sequence of interest encodes an immunostimulatory protein.
- 73. (new) The recombinant viral vector of claim 72, wherein said immunostimulatory protein is a cytokine.
- 74. (new) The recombinant viral vector of claim 72, wherein the immunostimulatory protein is selected from the group consisting of GM-CSF, IL1, IL2, IL4, IL5, IFN.alpha., IFN.gamma., TNF.alpha., IL12, IL18, and flt3.
- 75. (new) The recombinant viral vector of claim 62, wherein said coding sequence of interest encodes a protein that leads to cell death.
- 76. (new) The recombinant viral vector of claim 62, wherein said recombinant viral vector is capable of selectively replicating in and lysing Rb-pathway defective cells.
- 77. (new) The recombinant viral vector of claim 76, wherein replication in Rb-pathway defective cells is at least about 3-fold as measured by E1A RNA levels in Rb-pathway defective cells vs. non-tumor cells.
 - 78. (new) An adenoviral vector particle comprising the viral vector of claim 62.
- 79. (new) The adenoviral vector particle of claim 78, further comprising a targeting ligand included in a capsid protein of said particle.
 - 80. (new) The particle of claim 79, wherein said capsid protein is a fiber protein.
 - 81. (new) The particle of claim 79, wherein said ligand is in the HI loop of said fiber protein.

82. (new) The vector of claim 62, wherein said backbone comprises a gene of the E3 coding region.

83. (new) The vector of claim 82, wherein said gene is selected from the group consisting of E3-6.7, KDa, gp19KDa, 11.6 KDa (ADP), 10.4 KDa (RID α), 14.5 KDa (RID β), and E3-14.7Kda.